

Atradius Payment Practices Barometer 2024





About the Atradius Payment Practices Barometer

The Atradius Payment Practices Barometer is an annual survey of business-to-business (B2B) payment practices in markets across the world.

Our survey provides us with the opportunity to hear directly from companies polled about how they are coping with the impact of the current challenging economic and trading environment on payment behaviour of their B2B customers. This can give valuable insights into how businesses are paid by their B2B customers, and how they tackle the pain points caused by poor payment practices.

The findings about what measures are undertaken to fund a sudden need for cash, and what credit management tools they use to mitigate the risk of long-term cash flow problems, may also be valuable information in helping understand how companies respond to the crucial issue of late or non-payment in the current uncertain times.

However, the survey also has a strong focus on the challenges and risks that companies polled believe they will encounter during the coming months, and their expectations for future business growth.

The results of our survey can supply useful insights into the current dynamics of corporate payment behaviour in B2B trade, and identify emerging trends that may shape its future. This can be extremely useful to companies doing business, or planning to do so, in the markets polled.

In this report, you will find the survey results for Mexico.

The survey was conducted between the end of Q2 and the beginning of Q3 2024. The findings should therefore be viewed with this in mind.



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Mexico

B2B payment risk management

Ongoing B2B payment struggles highlight strategic credit management gaps

Although 55% of companies in Mexico report that payment practices by B2B customers are consistent with the previous year, this masks ongoing difficulties for the highly significant automotive industry. It is a cornerstone of Mexico's industrial landscape and continues to face substantial challenges due to delayed payments and unreliable customer behaviour. These include unpredictable cashflow, problems in financial planning, and increased risk of liquidity shortages. In contrast, 27% of businesses, mainly in the chemicals sector, say there is improved B2B customer behaviour compared to last year. A minority of companies, primarily in the agri-food industry, report slower invoice payments.

Overall, our survey finds that almost half of all invoices issued by Mexican companies in B2B trade are currently overdue, a steady percentage compared to a year earlier. An average 6% of all B2B invoices end up as bad debts, leading to further financial strain on businesses, with the automotive sector hardest hit. The main reasons cited for late payments are liquidity issues among B2B credit customers, along with invoice disputes and administrative inefficiencies within customer organisations. Businesses in Mexico tell us that invoices are paid, on average, 38 days beyond the due date, with the agri-food industry experiencing the longest delays.

To mitigate the impact of late payments from B2B credit customers more than one-third of Mexican companies say they delay payments to their own suppliers. This is a common practice in the chemicals sector, despite the risk of a ripple effect through the supply chain. Most businesses in the automotive industry take the cautious approach of delaying investment plans, and many rely on trade credit to meet short-term financial needs. 59% of companies, again especially in the automotive sector, tell us they focus on debt collection efficiency, which has helped to keep Days-Sales-Outstanding (DSO) steady and enhanced financial resilience. This may help to explain an increase in trading on credit, which now accounts for 49% of all B2B transactions.

With this increase in volume comes greater exposure to credit risk, which most companies in Mexico mitigate by focusing on maintaining stable payment terms. This is particularly so in the automotive sector, a strategic approach to managing B2B customer relationships in the

Key survey findings

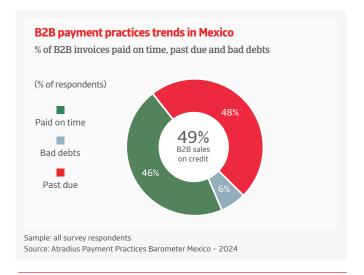
- 55% of companies in Mexico tell us B2B customer payment behaviour has remained steady in the past year, especially in the automotive sector. 27% of businesses, mainly in the chemicals industry, report an improvement in payment practices.
- Late payments currently affect 48% of all B2B invoices issued by Mexican businesses, while bad debts stand at an average 6% of all B2B credit sales, up from 4% last year. The automotive sector, a vital industry in Mexico, is the hardest hit by poor payment practices of B2B customers.
- Liquidity issues among B2B customers is the main reason cited for late payments by companies in Mexico, along with invoice disputes. Overdue invoices are turned into cash on average 38 days beyond the due date. Agrifood companies experience the longest delays.
- Mexican businesses respond to late payments by deferring investment plans, especially in the automotive industry, or delaying payments to their own suppliers.
 60% of companies look to trade credit for short-term finance and a similar percentage focus on debt collection efficiency to maintain financial resilience.
- Our survey finds that 49% of all B2B sales are being transacted on credit by companies in Mexico, an increase on the previous year. Payment terms have remained mostly stable, especially in the automotive sector, but the agri-food industry is opting for a more relaxed approach to boost sales.
- In-house retention and management of customer credit risk is the preferred option of 73% of companies in Mexico. Factoring is also a popular trade finance tool to mitigate the impact of customer credit risk, particularly in the automotive sector, while our survey finds a comparatively lower use of credit insurance.

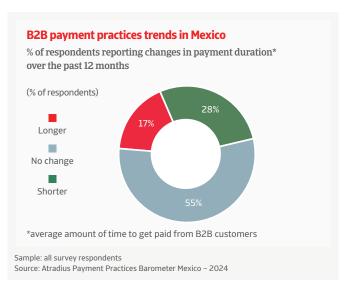
face of industry-specific challenges. In contrast, agri-food businesses are opting for more relaxed payment terms to boost sales. The agri-food sector is also most inclined to look to credit insurance as a means of managing customer credit risk. Factoring is popular among some companies but overall 73% of businesses in Mexico, particularly in the automotive industry, rely on in-house retention and management of customer credit risk.

Key figures and charts on the following pages

B2B payment practices trends in Mexico What are the main sources of financing that your company used during the past 12 months? ■ 57% Trade credit ■ 48% Bank loans ■ 40% Invoice financing 22% Internal funds (% of respondents - multiple response) Sample: all survey respondents Source: Atradius Payment Practices Barometer Mexico – 2024

Mexico







Mexico

Looking ahead

Business sentiment wavers amid US economic slowdown worries

Our survey of companies in Mexico reveals a diversity of perspectives about future insolvency trends, perhaps reflecting the complex interplay of industry-specific factors and broader economic conditions. 57% of businesses, especially in the chemicals sector, tell us they expect insolvency levels to remain stable in the year ahead. The Mexican automotive industry, however, is much more pessimistic, and anticipates a rising trend of insolvencies. There is more positivity about the prospects for Days-Sales-Outstanding (DSO) with 49% of companies expecting debt collection efficiency to remain stable. Another 40% of businesses, notably in the chemicals sector, anticipate an improvement in DSO in the year ahead.

A relatively optimistic outlook is expressed by Mexican businesses about both B2B customer behaviour and sales growth during the coming 12 months. 51% of companies tell us they expect an improvement in payment practices, a sentiment particularly found in the agri-food sector, while the influential automotive industry anticipates no change. A surge in demand for their products and services is expected by 72% of companies in Mexico across all sectors, with optimism especially evident in the automotive industry. In contrast, only 50% of businesses believe they will see improved profitability in the year ahead, with automotive companies the least positive.

These diverse views expressed by companies in Mexico highlight their major concern about the potential impact of evolving economic dynamics on their business operations in both the short-term and long-term. The primary worry revolves around the domestic economy, which is clouded by the slowdown in the US economy, their primary export market. Mexican agri-food companies report heightened anxiety that current economic conditions will negatively affect the B2B customers who purchase their products. They fear this could impact on their financial health in the coming months, a mood exacerbated by pessimism about medium-term prospects for the global economy along with growing consumer caution.

Many other concerns are expressed by Mexican businesses, including cybersecurity threats, environmental issues, operational challenges and potential financial constraints. The automotive sector is particularly worried by cybersecurity issues such as compromised data integrity that could lead to financial losses. Environmental and sustainability concerns are especially noted in the chemicals sector, as companies

Key figures and charts on the following pages

Key survey findings

- Insolvency levels are expected to remain stable by 57% of Mexican companies during the year ahead, especially in the chemicals sector. In contrast, the automotive industry is more pessimistic, anticipating an increase in insolvencies.
- A relatively optimistic outlook is found in our survey about prospects for Days-Sales-Outstanding (DSO). 40% of Mexican companies, chiefly in the chemicals sector, expect an improvement in debt collection efficiency, while 49% of businesses expect DSO to be steady, particularly in the automotive industry.
- Optimism is widespread about B2B customer payment behaviour during the year ahead. 51% of companies in Mexico expect an improvement, especially in the agri-food industry. Most of the remaining businesses tell us they anticipate no change in the payment behaviour of their B2B customers.
- 72% of companies in Mexico believe there will be a surge in demand for their products and services in the coming months, particularly in the automotive industry. By contrast, only 50% of businesses expect an improvement in profitability, mostly in the chemicals and agri-food sectors.
- The main future concern for Mexican businesses is the uncertain outlook for the domestic economy, which is clouded by the slowdown in its primary export market of the US. This is exacerbated by pessimism about the medium-term prospects for the global economy and rising consumer caution.
- Other major concerns include cybersecurity threats, environmental issues, operational challenges, and potential financial constraints. Cybersecurity threats are particularly worrying for the automotive and chemicals industries, along with growing anxiety about environmental and sustainability issues.

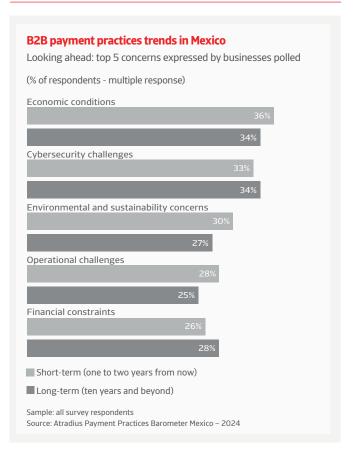
contend with new regulations and sustainable business practices while striving to remain competitive. Operational challenges are a major issue for the Mexican agri-food industry, with worries about outdated processes and insufficient production capacity to meet demand. Additionally, the automotive sector is particularly concerned about limited access to financing and insufficient working capital, which could restrict opportunities for growth and innovation.



Mexico







Survey design

Atradius conducts annual reviews of international corporate payment practices through a survey called the Atradius Payment Practices Barometer. Companies polled in Mexico are the focus of this report, which forms part of the 2024 edition of the Atradius Payment Practices Barometer. A change in research methodology means year-on-year comparisons are not feasible for some of these survey results. Using a questionnaire, CSA Research conducted 212 interviews in total.

All interviews were conducted exclusively for Atradius.

Survey scope

- Basic population: Companies from Mexico were surveyed, and the appropriate contacts for accounts receivable management were interviewed
- Sample design: The Strategic Sampling Plan enables us to perform an analysis of country data crossed by sector and company size. It also allows us to compare data referring to a specific sector crossed by each of the economies surveyed.
- Selection process: Companies were selected and contacted by use of an international Internet panel.
 A screening for the appropriate contact, and for quota control, was conducted at the beginning of the interview.
- Sample: 212 people were interviewed in total.
 A quota was maintained according to four classes of company size.
- Interview: Computer Assisted Web Interviews (CAWI) of approximately 15 minutes duration. Interview period: The survey was conducted between the end of Q2 and the beginning of Q3 2024. The findings should therefore be viewed with this in mind.

| TOTAL | 212 | 100 |
|---------------------------|------------|-----|
| Automotive | 72 | 34 |
| Chemicals | 70 | 33 |
| Agri/food | 70 | 33 |
| Industries | Interviews | % |
| TOTAL | 212 | 100 |
| Large enterprises | 23 | 11 |
| Medium Large enterprises | 77 | 36 |
| SME: Medium enterprises | 71 | 34 |
| SME: Small enterprises | 41 | 19 |
| Business size | Interviews | % |
| TOTAL | 212 | 100 |
| Services | 16 | 8 |
| Retail trade/Distribution | 45 | 20 |
| Wholesale trade | 63 | 30 |
| Manufacturing | 88 | 42 |
| Business sector | Interviews | % |

Methodological note

Last year different industries were included in the survey for Mexico. This makes year-on-year comparisons unfeasible for certain topics for the current year. For a detailed overview of last year's survey results for Mexico please refer to the specific report available on the Atradius website.

Interested in finding out more?

Please visit the <u>Atradius</u> website where you can find a wide range of up-to-date publications. <u>Click here</u> to access our analysis of individual industry performance, detailed focus on country-specific and global economic concerns, insights into credit management issues, and information about protecting your receivables against payment default by your customers.

Follow us to stay up to date with our latest releases by <u>subscribing</u> to notifications of our Publications, and receive weekly emails with alerts to when new reports are published.

To find out more about B2B receivables collection practices in Mexico and worldwide, please visit atradius collections.com.

For Mexico

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